



		EYFS	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5			
		Nursery and Reception complete different learning								
		enquires across the 'Discipline of Art'								
		The national curriculum for art and design ai	ims to ensure that all pupils:							
		Produce creative work, exploring their ideas o	and recording their experiences							
		Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpt	Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques.							
		-Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design								
		Know about great artists, craft makers and c	lesigners, and understand the historical and cu	iltural development of their art forms.						
NC Objectives		Early Learning Goals			KS2					
	Safely use and explore a variety of materials		s, tools and techniques.		By the end of each key stage, pupils are exp	ected to know, apply and understand the matte	rs, skills and			
	Experiment with colour, design, textures, for				to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experiment					
		Make use of props and materials when role p	playing characters in narratives and stories.		Pupils should be taught:					
		KSI			To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas					
		By the end of each key stage, pupils are expe	cted to know, apply and understand the matte	To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a						
		programme of study.		About great artists, architects and designers in history.						
		Pupils should be taught:			5					
		. To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products.								
			velop and share their ideas, experiences and i							
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			-To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space -About the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices							
		and disciplines, and making links to their our		00 1						
Techniques	Drawing	Nursery	Explore a range of drawing tools to make	Experiment with tools and surfaces	Experiment with various pencils	Consider scale and proportion	.Work in a			
	0	Early mark making	marks.	Draw experiences and feelings.	Use a sketchbook to document and develop.	Create accurate observational drawings	create an c			
(Making)		Produce patterns and shapes	Begin to control the types of marks made	Sketch to make records.	ideas.	Work on a variety of scales	oping key e			
		Reception	with a range of media.	Begin to control marks made with different	Draw from observation and imagination	Produce drawings using IT	pattern, tex			
		Begin to use a variety of drawing tools	Draw on different surfaces	media	Experiment with mark making using alterna-	Identify and draw the effect of light	'			
		Use drawings to tell a story investigate	Explore different textures	•Investigate tone by drawing light/dark lines	tive tools.	Draw for a sustained period of time	° I			
		different lines.	Draw from inagination	using pencil	Create initial sketches for painting	Collect and record visual information				
		Explore different textures.	Explore drawing from observation	Investigate textures and produce an expand-	0 1 0	Plan and collect source material	÷			
		-Encourage accurate drawings of people	-Investigate textures by describing, naming,	ing range of patterns.	Discuss shadows, light and dark	Develop techniques to create intricate pat-				
		Through exploration off pencil, charcoal, ink, chalk,	rubbing and copying	and rearge of parcenties	Have an awareness of how pattern can be	terns - range of media				
		pastels and ICT software.	Produce a range of patterns and textures		used to create texture	terns - rui ge op metuu	e horizon lin n Begin to c Use different st Work from observation work -Create prin -Create prin			
			in routice a range of patients and texturios							
	Printing	Nursery	Print with a range of hard and soft materi-		Press print with two colour overlays.					
	110000	Printing through use of sponges.	als eg cork, earbud, sponge.		Organise their equipment to work with a		te pat- Work fror observation work Create pri Create reli cut wallpa			
		Reception	Take simple prints (mono prints).		partner successfully to press print.					
		-Rubbings.	Build repeating patterns and recognise pat-		Create accurate repeating patterns.		Print onto			
		-Print with variety of objects.	tern in the environment.		-create accurate repeating patterns.		combine to			
		Print with block colours.	Create and use simple printing blocks with							
		Through exploration of: found materials, fruit/veg,								
		wood blocks, press print, lino and string.	hear han.							
	Textiles	Nursery	Change and modify threads and fabrics by		Select appropriate materials, giving reasons;		Develop th			
		•Explore different textures.	knotting, fraying, fringing, pulling threads,		Use a variety of techniques, e.g. printing,		layering tea			
		Simple wearing	twisting or plaiting.		dyeing, weaving and stitching to create		Add collag			
		Reception	-Cut and shape fabric using scissors/snips.		different textural effects;		ground. Cre			
		' Handling, manipulating and enjoying using	Apply shapes to fabric with glue or by		Develop skills in stitching, cutting and join-		Use a rang			
		materials	stitching.		ing;		Plan and d			
		Sensory experience and threading.	Apply decoration using beads, buttons,							
		Through exploration of textiles, clay, sand, plaster	feathers etc.							
		and stone.	U C							
	3D	Nursery	Explore sculpture with a range of malleable	•		Plan, design and make models from obser-				
		Using fine motor skills.	and non malleable materials eg clay, modroc,			vation or imagination.				
		Reception	natural materials, dough.			Explore shaping clay including rolling and				
		-Handling, feeling, enjoying and manipulating	-, ,			pinching eg slabs, coils.				
		materials. Constructing and building				Join clay adequately including using slips.				
		-Shape and model				Roll clay to an even thickness using battens.				
		Through exploration of 3D work, clay, dough, boxes,				Apply a variety of textures in their work.				
						Manipulate a variety of media with increas-				
		wire, paper, sculpture and mod roc.				1 0 0				

Art Progression:

Parish Church of England Primary School

ar 5	Year 6
kills and processes specified in the relevant xperimentation and an increasing awareness	programme of study. Pupils should be taught : of different kinds of art, craft and design.
re with a range of materials [for example,]	
/ork in a sustained and independent way to eate an accurate, detailed drawing. Devel- ing key elements of their work (line, tone, ttern, texture) raw from different viewpoints considering rizon lines. egin to consider perspective se different techniques for purpose eg. Gerent styles of shading /ork from a variety of sources including servation and photographs to develop own ork	Select appropriate media and techniques to achieve a specific outcome Develop their own style Draw for a sustained period of time over a number of sessions Use tone in drawings to achieve depth Develop drawing with perspective and focal points Adapt drawings according to evaluations and discuss further developments
veate prints with 3 overlays. veate relief printing blocks eg with string, t wallpaper etc. int onto different coloured papers, cut and mbine to create an image or pattern.	
velop their weaving, overlapping and yering techniques. Id collage to a painted or printed back- ound. Create and arrange patterns. we a range of mixed media. an and design.	
	Plan a sculpture through drawing and other preparatory work. Develop skills in using clay including rolling and pinching eg slabs, coils, slips. Combine a variety of techniques when hand building clay.

		EYFS	Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Nursery and Reception complete different learning enquires across the 'Discipline of Art'						
Techniques continued (Making)	Digital Media	Nursery Use of iPads to explore creative media. Reception Using technology to capture photographs. Using 'paint' on computers.		Record visual information for a purpose using digital cameras or video recorders. Use a simple graphics package to create images and effects. Create different lines by changing the size of brushes in response to ideas. Create shapes using shape and fill tools. Colours and texture: use simple filters to manipulate and create images. Use basic selection and cropping tools		Record visual information using digital cameras or video recorders. Present recorded visual images using software eg, Powerpoint. Use a graphics package to create images and effects with: Lines by controlling the brush tool with increased precision. Changing the type of brush to an appropri- ate style eg charcoal. Create patterns by making selections to cut, duplicate and repeat. Experiment with colours and textures by making an appropriate choice of special effects and simple filters to manipulate and create images for a particular purpose.		Work from a variety of sources including observation, photographs and digital images. Record, collect and store visual information using digital cameras or video recorders and use as a source for work. Use a graphics package to create and ma- nipulate new images. Be able to import an image (scanned, re- trieved or taken) into a graphics package. Understand that a digital image is created by layering. Create layered images from original ideas (sketchbooks etc)
	Painting	Nursery Using a variety of tools to paint. Reception Explore colour mixing. Using tints		.Organise, use efficiently and clear up paint- ing equipment. .Mix paint of a consistency fit for purpose. Problem solve when paint not of correct consistency. .Use paint to mix primary and secondary colours. .Add white to a primary colour to make tints.		Experiment with different effects and tex- tures inc blocking in colour, washes, thick- ened paint to create textural effects.	Carry out preliminary studies, trying out different media and materials and mixing appropriate colours. Name different types of paint and their properties.	
	Collage	Nursery Create simply collage. <u>Reception</u> To make collage using their own choice of materials. Using cutting skills.		.Create, select and use textured materials for an image. .Create and arrange shapes appropriately. .Collect, sort, and name match colours appro- priate for a purpose.	Experiment with a range of collage tech- niques such as tearing, overlapping and layering to create images and represent textures.		Print onto different coloured papers, cut and combine to create an image or pattern. Use collage as a means of extending work from initial ideas.	
Elements of art (Knowledge and understanding)		-Explore and work purposefully responding to colours, shapes, line and texture. Colour -Experimenting with and using primary col- ours. -Naming and mixing (not formal) -Learn the names of different tools that bring colour. Line -Use a range of tools to make coloured marks on paper. -Repeating patterns - irregular painting pat- terns - Simple symmetry	 Primary colours (red, blue and yellow) Warm' (red, orange, yellow) or 'cool' (blue, green, grey). Identify and describe the use of colour—thinking about how it sets the scene, creates an atmosphere or feeling in artwork. Line Identify and use different lines: straight, zigzag, curved, wavy, thick, thin. Observe and describe different kinds of lines in artwork. Form Identify form in the environment linking to known 3D shapes. Experiment with constructing and joining recycled, natural and manmade materials and manipulates these to create desired effects. 	Observe and discuss the use of colour in artwork. Shape Recognise basic geometric shapes—square, rectangle, triangle, circle, oval—in nature, manmade objects, and artworks. Texture Children experience both 'tactile' and 'visual' texture. Describe qualities of texture in existing or real objects, which they can actually touch (tactile texture), Describe textures depicted or suggested in works of art (visual texture). Describe qualities of texture (as, for exam- ple, rough, smooth, ridged, etc.)	considering line orientation. Colour Review primary, secondary, 'warm' and 'cold' colours from Years I and 2. .Tertiary colours: is the result of one Primary Colour mixed with one of its nearest Sec- ondary colours. .Yellow + Orange = YELLOW/ORANGE Red + Orange = RED/ORANGE .Red + Purple = RED/PURPLE .Blue + Purple = BLUE/PURPLE .Blue + Green = BLUE/GREEN .Yellow + Green = YELLOW/GREEN .Children will be able to use a colour wheel to identify complimentary colours (colours opposite each other) Line .Recognise lines as horizontal, vertical, or diagonal. Observe the use of line in artwork. Tone .Observe how artists use light and shadow to focus our attention, create mood, etc. in artwork.	In Year 4, build on what the children have learned in earlier years as you introduce concepts of light, space and design. Colour Review primary, secondary, tertiary, 'warm', 'cold' and complementary colours from Years I, 2 and 3. Analogous colours are a group of three colours next to each other on a colour wheel. Form -Explain that form, in the discussion of art, is a term useful for describing complex shapes, often organic rather than geometric, as well as three-dimensional as opposed to flat shapes: the 'form' of a human figure, for example, or the form of a tree. Find ways to describe form in artwork. Space -Understand the terms two dimensional (height, width), and three dimensional (height, width, depth). Begin to consider perspective (more indepth in Year 6). -Observe the relationship between two di- mensional and three-dimensional shapes: square to cube, triangle to pyramid, circle to sphere and cylinder. -Observe how artists can make what they depict look three-dimensional, despite working in two dimensions, by creating an illusion of depth. -Examine the foreground and background.		In Years 1-5 students have learned a great deal about the elements of art and how to talk about works of art and architecture. In Year 6 they will extend this knowledge. Space Begin to use simple perspective in their work using a single focal point and horizon. Begin to develop an awareness of composi- tion, scale and proportion in their painting eg foreground, middle ground and background. Show an awareness of how paintings are created ie composition
Evaluating		.Verbally respond to their own work and others.	Recognise and describe key features of their own and other's work.	Express preferences and give some reasons for these when looking at creative work.	.Take time to reflect upon what they like and dislike about their work in order to improve it.	Regularly reflect upon their own work and use comparisons with the work of others.	Regularly analyse and reflect on their pro- gress taking account of what they hoped to achieve.	Provide a reasoned evaluation of both their own and professional's work which takes account of the starting point, intentions and context behind the work.