



## Explicit Maths Links Across the Science Curriculum

Parish Church of England Primary School

Progression in Communicating and Recording within Science (Explicit Maths Links):								
Increasing Independence Year on Year.								
YI	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6			
Present their findings in a variety of ways using templates where necessary.  Progression Examples: Talk and discuss, write/describe, draw pictures, make/construct tables, charts and displays.	Record and communicate their findings in a range of ways with increasing independence.  Progression Examples: Talk/discuss; write/describe; draw pictures; take photographs; make/construct a variety of tables and charts [including simple, bar charts] often produced as a group.	Recording and present findings using simple scientific language and vocabulary.  Record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions.  Progression Examples: Oral and written explanations, notes drawings annotated, pictorial representations, labelled diagrams, simple tables, bar charts [using ranges and intervals chosen for them].	Recording and present findings using simple scientific language and vocabulary.  Begin to select the most useful ways to record, classify and present data from a range of choices.  Progression Exampless Oral and written explanations, notes drawings annotated, pictorial representations, labelled diagrams, tables, bar charts [using ranges and intervals agreed through discussion].	Record data and results of increasing complexity.  Report findings from enquiries using discussion, drawings, oral and written explanations of results and conclusions.  Progression Examples: Using tables, bar and line graphs and models.	Make decisions on the most appropriate format to present Scientific data and record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels.  Report findings from enquiries using discussion, annotated drawings, oral and written explanations of results, explanations involving causal explanations involving causal relationships, and conclusions.  Progression Examples:  Using Scientific diagrams and labels, recognised symbols, classification keys, tables, bar and line graphs and models.			
Specific Curriculum Examples: Plants (Tally charts). Weather and Seasons (Pictogram and use of a table template). Animal World (Vern diagram).	Specific Curriculum Examples Living Thing and Their Habitats (Venn diagram).  Materials and Their Uses (Collaborative table drawing).  Animals and their Needs (Collaborative table drawing).  How Plants Grow (Collaborative line graph).	Specific Curriculum Examples Forces and Magnets (Table drawing and Venn diagram with growing, independence). Animals and Humans (Developing labelled diagrams). Lights and Shadows (Table drawing with growing independence). The Structure and Function of Plants (Labelled diagrams and table drawing with growing independence. Drawing bar chart creation with support). Rocks (Companson table drawing).	Specific Curriculum Examples Classification of Liwing Things (Independent labelled diagrams). States of Matter (Drawing bar charts with increased independence). Sound (Drawing of tables and bar chart with growing independence). Digestive System (Independent Table drawing). Electricity (Carroll diagram with support).	Specific Curriculum Examples Properties and Changing Materials (Independent table drawing and bar chart creation).  Earth and Space (Independent table drawing, Line graph creation with some support).  Life Cycles and Reproduction (Line graph creation with growing independence). Forces and Movement (Independent bar chart creation).	Specific Curriculum Examples  Light and Seeing Things (Independent table drawing and annotated diagrams).  The Human Body: Systems (Table drawing and pie chart creation  Identifying relationships between sets of data).  Evolution and Inheritance (Independent use of a Carroll Diagram alongside classification keys).  Electricity (Independently drawing a line graph).			

	Progression in Equipment and Measuring within Science (Explicit Maths Links):								
	Increasing Independence Year on Year:								
YI	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6				
Observe closely using non-standard units (such as lolly sticks, cubes and handfuls) simple equipment (such as egg timers) and their senses.	Observe more accurately by measuring non-standard and standard units.  Use their senses, simple measurements and equipment to gather data with increasing independence.  Gather data to help in answering questions.	Collect data from observations and measurements using simple tables and standard units.  Make simple accurate measurements using whole number standard units, using a range of equipment.  Gathering data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions.	Make more of the decisions about what observations to make how long to make them for and the type of equipment that might be used.  Learn how to use new equipment and accurately measure temperature using a thermometer.  Make accurate measurements using standard and more complex units using a range of equipment.	Record data and results of increasing complexity, following safety guidelines.  Make their own decisions about what observations to make or measurements to use and how long to make them for.  Decide how to record data from a choice of familiar approaches.  Choose the most appropriate equipment to make measurements.	Record data and results of increasing complexity, following and suggesting safety guidelines.  Recognise that data might be unreliable and describe how to make it more reliable.  Make their own decisions about what measurements to take and identify the ranges and intervals used.  Take measurements, using a range of equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision.				
Specific Curriculum Examples  Human Senses (Simple experiments with senses).  Plants (Observe plant growth accurately by measuring using non-standard units [such as lolly sticks and cubes]).  Weather and Seasons (Observe rainfall using non-standard units [such as lolly sticks] and ordering).	Specific Curriculum Examples  Materials and their Uses (Absorbency test using simple measurements and equipment).  Animals and their Needs (Gathering data from exercise using senses).  How Plants Grow (Observe plant growth accurately by measuring standard units [cm]).	Specific Curriculum Examples  Forces and Magnets (Collect data from measurements using standard units of meters and cm).  Animals and Humans (Gathering data in a muscle investigation).  Lights and Shadows (In a shadow investigation, make simple accurate measurements using whole number standard units, using a range of equipment).  The Structure and Function of Plants (Observe plant growth accurately by measuring standard units [cm] using a tape measure).	Specific Curriculum Examples  States of Matter (Learn how to use new equipment and accurately measure temperature using a thermometer to measure standard units).  Sound (Measuring sound using a decibel metre).  Electricity (Make more of the decisions about what observations to make how long to make them for and the type of equipment that might be useds).	Specific Curriculum Examples Properties and Changing Materials (Record data and results of increasing complexity involving temperature). Life Cycles and Reproduction (Decide how to record data from a choice of familiar approaches).  Eorces and Movement (Measuring using a Neuton Metre and choosing the most appropriate equipment to make measurements).	Choose the most appropriate equipment to support observation, make measurements and collect data.  Specific Curriculum Examples Light and Seeing Things (Independently recording data).  Liwing Things: Further Classification (Independently choose the most appropriate equipment to support observation).  Electricity (Take measurements, using a range of equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision).				

